GMS Thoracic Surgical Science – Authors' Guidelines, Status: 12/10/2010

1. General Information

GMS Thoracic Surgical Science (TSS) is an open access e-journal, which publishes articles on topics of thoracic surgery (except cardiovascular surgery). All articles go through an peer review procedure before publication. The authors' guidelines principally follow the recommendations of the International Committee of Medical Journal Editors: <u>Uniform requirements for manuscripts submitted to biomedical journals</u>.

2. Publication Requirements

The submitted manuscripts or substantial parts of them should not have been previously published or submitted for publication somewhere else. The abbreviated version of the contents for presentation at a meeting is not regarded as a publication.

2.1 Authorship and Copyright

All authors insure that they have furnished a substantial contribution to the article and that they are in agreement with form and contents of the manuscript. The author conducting the negotiations confirms that he holds the copyrights on his works as well as on the text and illustrations attached therein in the <u>Author's Contract</u>. If material (e.g. illustrations or tables) is used from other sources, the author must submit a written statement from the holder of the copyrights that he is in agreement with a publication in TSS. In cases of publication, the author grants TSS the right to store the article in databases for an unlimited period of time, to distribute and to reproduce it in electronic form, as well as to the individualized print for users of the print-on-demand service. All remaining exploitation rights of the author are not restricted, however, all further publications should display original publication note (originally published in: GMS Thoracic Surgical Science 2004;1:...).

2.2 Conflict of Interests

Financial or other support of institutes or companies, as well as promotion funds, is to be stated in the acknowledgments. All financial or other connections, which the author has to a company, whose products or competition products play an important role in represented facts of the matter, should be described and enclosed on a separate form. This notification is handled confidentially and only when the manuscript is accepted for publication, it will be published together with the manuscript after due consultation with the author.

2.3 Protection of Patients' Rights to Privacy

When using records of patients it must be guaranteed that the person is not identifiable on the basis of the portrayal. Otherwise, the author must seek explicit consent from the person concerned (or their representative) that he agrees to the publication in the present form. The existence of such a consent is to be confirmed by the author in writing.

2.4 Informed Consent

All manuscripts on clinical research performed in humans or with materials obtained from humans must include a section declaring that the research project has been approved by an institutional review board or ethics committee and that patients or probands have granted informed consent prior to inclusion.

2.5 Ethical Treatment of Animals

All manuscripts on animal research must report procedures by which ethical treatment of animals has been guaranteed.

3. Manuscript Preparation

3.1 In General

The manuscripts may be submitted in English or German, but should include titles and abstracts in both languages. The manuscripts may include tables, diagrams and pictures, as well as sound or video sequences.

3.1.1 Title Page

On the first page of the manuscript the English and German title of the article is stated, followed by the surnames and first names of all authors, their e-mail addresses and the facilities where they are active. Then give separately the name, mail and e-mail address of the corresponding author.

3.1.2 Abstract and Key Words

All original contributions, case descriptions and review articles are to be preceded by an English and a German abstract. The summary is to be drawn up in such a way that it represents a condensed extract of the work. The author should indicate adequate keywords which, as far as possible, are taken from the <u>Medical Subject</u> <u>Headings (MeSH)</u>. With original papers and case descriptions you should also indicate the trade names and names of the producer of the drugs applied and medical devices, as well as the chemical substances and their CAS number in order to make this information indexable in appropriate databases. Further structural tips are with the individual article types.

3.1.3 Literature References

The literature cited in the text is listed at the end of the article according to the <u>Vancouver Style of References</u> also used in Medline. References should be numbered consecutively in the order in which they are first mentioned in the text. Identify references in text, tables, and legends by Arabic numerals in square brackets. Please do not use footnotes!

Some Examples: Standard journal article: Halpern SD, Ubel PA, Caplan AL. Solid-organ transplantation in HIV-infected patients. N Engl J Med. 2002;347(4):284-7.

Monograph: Murray PR, Rosenthal KS, Kobayashi GS, Pfaller MA. Medical microbiology. 4th ed. St. Louis: Mosby; 2002.

Chapter/Contribution in a monograph:

Meltzer PS, Kallioniemi A, Trent JM. Chromosome alterations in human solid tumors. In: Vogelstein B, Kinzler KW, editors. The genetic basis of human cancer. New York: McGraw-Hill; 2002. p. 93-113.

CD-ROM:

Anderson SC, Poulsen KB. Anderson's electronic atlas of hematology [CD-ROM]. Philadelphia: Lippincott Williams & Wilkins; 2002.

Journal article on the Internet:

Eysenbach G. SARS and population health technology. J Med Internet Res. 2003;5(2):e14. Available from: http://www.jmir.org/2003/2/e14/

Homepage/Web site:

Cancer-Pain.org [homepage on the Internet]. New York: Association of Cancer Online Resources, Inc.; c2000-01 [updated 2002 May 16; cited 2002 Jul 9]. Available from: http://www.cancer-pain.org/

Further detailed sample references under: <u>http://www.nlm.nih.gov/bsd/uniform_requirements.html</u>

3.2 Article Types

Research articles deal with current problems, with adequate empirical or experimental methodology. It should be evident from the papers that they make a substantial contribution in clarifying the formulated problem. They are to be subdivided into: Abstract, introduction, methods, results, discussion, conclusions.

Case reports represent a case relevant for the scientific interest. They are to be subdivided into: Abstract, introduction, case description, discussion, conclusions.

Review articles are to show the state of research in detail, summarize and clarify open research questions. Review articles should include abstract and introduction, furthermore, they may be subdivided sectionwise according to the requirements of the topic.

Rapid publications/short communications and letters to the editor contain comments or announcements and communications with news character and are principally welcome as a central element in the discussion of research results. They go through a peer review like the other articles.

Rapid responses are commentaries that cannot be cited, are limited in length and linked directly to an article to make discussions possible. The editorial staff reserves

the right at any time to select, as well as to abridge and revise them. This feature will be implemented shortly.

3.3 Technical Requirements

3.3.1 Typography and Technical Terms

Do not use block style or hyphenation when drawing up your manuscripts. Line breaks are only to be inserted at the end of paragraphs. Literature references are to be numbered consecutively in the text and listed at the end of the document as text, under no circumstances by means of the automatic footnote function. All illustrations and tables are to be provided with legends and numbered consecutively. The publication system of gms does not allow for annotations in the form of footnotes or endnotes. Textual explications must be integrated in the plain text (e.g. in brackets, italic).

The basic units of the International System for Measures and Weights (SI) and the units derived from them are to be used for all units of measurement. For the indication of blood pressure values the unit "mmHg" is permissible, for the indication of temperatures the unit °C. When using other units in illustrations and tables the conversion factors are to be indicated in the legend.

The nomenclature of the International Union for Pure and Applied Chemistry (IUPAC) resp. the International Union of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology (IUBMB) is to be used for the designation of chemical substances. The additional indication of the register number of the Chemical Abstracts Service (CAS) is recommended. Generally, the generic name is to be used when mentioning drugs. If certain commercial products were used in the research, then these trade names and the names of the producer should be quoted in the method part. In addition, this data will be indexable via the recording in special data fields (s. 3.1.2). The spelling in the "Red List" applies. Abbreviations without solutions should be only used, if they are generally common (DNA, WHO). All remaining abbreviations are to be identified when first used. If necessary, an abbreviation list should be added. References on statistics: Graphpad software offers numerous freely available online computers for statistic calculations.

3.3.2 Text Formats

Each author has the possibility to submit new papers into the Manuscript Operating System (MOPS) of gms. Acceptable text formats are MS-Word (*.doc) and Rich Text Format (*.rtf).

3.3.3 Graphic Formats

The following graphic formats may be used: the formats TIFF and BMP (loss-free bitmap-formats); GIF and PNG (bitmap-formats compressed) for charts, JPG (compressable bitmap-format) for photos. Even if the graphics are integrated in the text, they should be provided additionally as separate files with clear file names. The upload of your files takes place in the <u>Manuscript Operating System (MOPS) of GMS</u>.

3.3.4 Research Data / Primary Data (Supplementary Material)

We expect from our authors that relevant underlying data are submitted in addition to manuscripts for peer review and publication. This complies with demands of funding organizations like Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft (DFG) and European Research Council in terms of "Good scientific practice". Benefits of publishing research data / primary data include:

For authors:

- Citeability: via persistent identifiers (DOI, URN)
- Long-term archiving
- Independent quality assurance through peer review
- Legal security: Like the article, data are published under a <u>Creative commons</u> <u>licence</u>, allowing non-commercial subsequent use, provided the original source is properly cited.

For the scientific community:

- Subsequent use: enables further interpretation of data, utilization for follow-up research projects, creation of interconnections between data sets, data/text mining
- Transparency: through traceability and reproducibility (if applicable) of research results
- Efficiency: through limitation of work and financial expenses

Please submit a descriptive caption together with your data. Use of platformindependent file formats is required, such as:

- For additional documentation (e.g. detailed case reports): PDF
- For image data: GIF, TIFF, PNG, JPG
- For audio-visual material: MPG
- For text or tabular data: TXT, CSV

In case of doubt (e.g. special file formats or very large files) please contact the <u>Editorial Office</u> prior to submission.